

## Homework 1: Closed and Convex sets

*Exercise 1:* Show that

- (a) Given a family  $\{C_a \mid a \in \mathcal{A}\}$  of closed sets, their intersection set  $\bigcap_{a \in \mathcal{A}} C_a$  is closed.
- (b) Given a finite collection  $C_1, \dots, C_m$  of closed sets, their union  $\bigcup_{i=1}^m C_i$  is closed.

*Exercise 2:* Give an example showing that the sum  $C_1 + C_2$  of two closed sets  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  need not be closed.

*Exercise 3:* Show that

- (a) Given a family  $\{C_a \mid a \in \mathcal{A}\}$  of convex sets, their intersection  $\bigcap_{a \in \mathcal{A}} C_a$  is convex.
- (b) Given a finite collection  $C_1, \dots, C_m$  of convex sets, their sum  $C_1 + \dots + C_m$  is convex.

*Exercise 4:* Let  $C$  be a convex set. Show that its closure  $\text{cl}(C)$  is also convex.

*Exercise 5:* Let  $A$  be an  $m \times n$  matrix.

- (a) Let  $X \subseteq \mathcal{R}^n$  be a convex set. Show that the forward image  $AX$  is convex, where

$$AX = \{y \in \mathcal{R}^m \mid y = Ax \text{ for some } x \in X\}.$$

- (a) Let  $Y \subseteq \mathcal{R}^m$  be a convex set. Show that the inverse image  $A^{-1}Y$  is convex, where

$$A^{-1}Y = \{x \in \mathcal{R}^n \mid y = Ax \text{ for some } y \in Y\}.$$

*Exercise 6:* Show that a “norm-cone” is a cone.

*Exercise 7:* (a) Let  $f : \mathcal{R}^n \rightarrow \mathcal{R}$  be a convex function and let  $\lambda > 0$  be scalar. Show that function  $\lambda f$  is convex.

- (b) Let  $f_1, f_2 : \mathcal{R}^n \rightarrow \mathcal{R}$  be convex functions. Show that their sum  $f_1 + f_2$  is a convex function.

- (c) Let  $f : \mathcal{R}^n \rightarrow \mathcal{R}$  be convex and  $A$  be an  $n \times m$  matrix. Show that their composition  $f \circ A$  is a convex function.
- (d) Let  $f_1, \dots, f_m : \mathcal{R}^n \rightarrow \mathcal{R}$  be convex functions. Show that the pointwise-max function

$$F(x) = \max\{f_1(x), \dots, f_m(x)\}$$

is convex.

*Exercise 8:* Consider the function

$$f(x) = - \sum_{i=1}^n \ln(1 + x_i).$$

What is the domain of the function? Using the second order conditions, show that the function is convex.